Sheltered Population Total

1. What data source(s) was used to produce the total number of people included in the sheltered population (staying in an emergency shelter, Safe Haven, or transitional housing) on the night of the count? Please indicate the percentage of the PIT count derived from each of the sources. (If a source was not used, please enter zero).

HMIS Data	97%
Provider-level surveys	3%
Client-level surveys	0%
Observation	0%
Other	0%
Total	100%

2. Was the CoC able to collect information about the number of people being sheltered on the night of the count from all emergency shelters, Safe Havens, and transitional housing projects listed on the HIC or only some?

- Complete census count

3. What information or method(s) was used to de-duplicate the count of the total number of people included in the sheltered population?

- Comparison of personally identifying information (PII), such as name, date of birth, and Social Security Number

- Comparison of unique client identifiers (not PII)
- Blitz count of persons in shelters (i.e., count occurred at same time to avoid double counting)

- Interview/survey question(s) with screening questions (e.g., have you already completed a count survey)

Sheltered Subpopulation

4. What data source(s) was used to produce the demographic and subpopulation data included in the sheltered population (staying in an emergency shelter, Safe Haven, or transitional housing) on the night of the count? (select all that were used)

- HMIS Data
- Provider-level surveys

5. Was the CoC able to collect information about the demographic and subpopulation characteristics of all sheltered people or only some?

- All sheltered people

6. Looking at the change in your sheltered count from last year's count, please choose up to three reasons that best explains these changes from the drop down list below.

- Change in participation of programs serving general homeless populations (e.g., singles, families)
- More volunteers for PIT count
- Weather

Please provide a brief description of these specific factors (500 word limit):

The weather in Central New York this year was much warmer on the night of the PIT. The temperatures this year were over 40 degrees Fahrenheit, when it is normally below 20 degrees Fahrenheit. We also had over 80 volunteers throughout our CoC geographic area on the night of the PIT when we normally have under 30 volunteers. Last year in May 2016, CoC NY-502 merged into our CoC, so now our geographic area covers 3 counties instead of the 2 counties that were reported in the 2016 PIT. This year we also had less transitional housing programs due to funding reallocation in the FY2015 application, which allowed for an increase in RRH and PSH projects. This year our psychiatric emergency shelter participated in the PIT, and we had much more project investment as well, which assisted in the accuracy of data.

Unsheltered Population

7. What approach(es) was used to count the total number of people included in the unsheltered population during the PIT count. (select all that were used)

- "Night of the count" complete census
- HMIS

7a. Were certain areas within the CoC geography specifically excluded because the CoC had reason to believe there were no unsheltered people in those areas?

No

7c. In areas that were canvassed, did the CoC count all unsheltered people in those areas or a sample of people?

- All people encountered during the count

8. What information or method(s) was used to de-duplicate the total count of people in the unsheltered population? (Check all that apply)

- Comparison of personally identifying information (PII), such as name, date of birth, and Social Security Number

- Comparison of unique client identifiers (not PII)

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- Blitz count of unsheltered people (i.e., canvassing of different areas occurred at same time to avoid double counting)

- Interview/survey question(s) with screening questions (e.g., have you already completed a count survey)

Unsheltered Subpopulations

9. What approach(es) was used to collect demographic and subpopulation data about unsheltered people included in the unsheltered population during the PIT count?

- Surveys/interviews of people identified as unsheltered on the night of the PIT count

10. Were all people who were encountered during canvassing on the night of the count or during post night of the count PIT activities asked to complete a survey/interview?

- All people encountered were surveyed

11. What information or method(s) was used to produce an unduplicated total count of homeless people across your sheltered and unsheltered populations?

- Comparison of personally identifying information (PII), such as name, date of birth, and Social Security Number

- Comparison of unique client identifiers (not PII)

- Blitz count of unsheltered people (i.e., sheltered and unsheltered counts occurred at same time to avoid double counting)

- Interview/survey question(s) with screening questions (e.g., have you already completed a count survey)

12. Looking at the change in your unsheltered count from last year's count, please choose up to three reasons that best explains these changes from the drop down list below

- More volunteers for PIT count
- Change in CoC geographic coverage area
- Weather

Please provide a brief description of these specific factors (500 word limit):

The weather in Central New York this year was much warmer on the night of the PIT. The temperatures this year were over 40 degrees Fahrenheit, when it is normally below 20 degrees Fahrenheit. We also had over 80 volunteers throughout our CoC geographic area on the night of the PIT when we normally have under 30 volunteers. As a result we were able to cover a lot more the geographic area, which included a lot of the 24 hour locations, which is where we found many unsheltered individuals. Last year in May 2016, CoC NY-502 merged into our CoC, so now our geographic area covers 3 counties instead of the 2 counties for the 2016 PIT.

- HMIS data from street outreach and/or other providers